RESTORATION OF THE EX-QUEEN RECOMMENDED A careful consideration of the facts will, I think, convince you that the treaty which was withdrawn from the Senate for further consideration should not be resubmitted for its action

Should not the great wrong done to a feeble but

Should not the great wrong done to a feeble but independent State by an abuse of the authority of the United States be undone by restoring the legitimate government? Anything short of that will not, I respectfully submit, satisfy the demands of justice.

Can the United States consistently insist that other nations shall respect the independence of Hawaii, while not respecting it themselves? Our Gevernment was the first to recognize the independence of the islands, and it should be the last to acquire sovereignty over them by force and fraud. Respectfully submitted.

W. Q. GRESHAM.

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON'S VIEW. HE THINKS IT WELL FOR THE DEMOCRATS THAT THE CABINET'S ACTION WAS NOT TAKEN BEFORE ELECTION.

Indianapolis, Nov. 10 (Special).-When the new of the action of the Cleveland Cabinet in refer-ence to Hawaii was carried to General Harrison to-night he was inclined to doubt it, and said he did not think the President would announce a policy except in a message to Congress. "But in any event, whether true or not," he said, "I do not want to comment on Mr. Cleveland's acts. If his policy suits him, mine suited me. But if it had been known that his Administration would take this step previous to the election the other day. I think John's estimate of what McKinley's majority

think John's estimate of what McKinley's majority in Ohio would be would come true." This was a reference to a story he told the day after election, when John, a Democratic workman, said that McKinley would get all the votes cast in Ohio. General Harrison continued:

"The Queen cannot resume her throne, I believe, without bloodshed, and it remains now to see whether the United States marine service will be used to establish her in power again. The question of annexation is one of deep interest to America, and will be handled. I have no doubt, by newspapers and the people in a patriotic manner. Unless my Administration is the object of unjust reflection in the action taken, I will have nothing to say to the public."

SENATOR MORGAN'S OPINION. LITTLE EXCUSE NOW FOR RESTORATION OF THE QUEEN.

Washington, Nov. 10.-Senator Morgan, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, received from a reporter. He was unwilling to discuss the

the first news of the action of the Government matter, owing to the position he held, but finally, speaking conservatively upon what seemed to be the logic of the situation based upon indisputable facts: he said: "Before expressing any opinion as to what ! the attitude of the United States on this que

and how far it is to be justified, I would like to know to whom Minister Willis was accredited when he was sent by this Government to the Hawaiian Islands. After the Provisional Govern-ment was established there the President of the United States recognised it as the Government de jure by sending Mr. Blount to confer with President Dole. While Mr. Blount to confer with President Dole. While Mr. Blount was there the troops were ordered back, and the flag of the United States flying over the barracks where the troops were stationed was hauled down. This merely indicated, to my mind at least, that the bivouac of the troops had been broken up and that they had returned to their quarters on shipboard. That fet was not the withdrawal of an intervention on the part of the United States except for the preservation of the peace and the protection of American citizens on the islands. I never understood it was the assertion of sovereignty by the United States over the islands, and I cannot understand why the withdrawal of the troops under such circumstances could be construed as withdrawal of the moral support of the United States to the Government existing there, unless the United States had invaded Hawaii and assumed sovereign jurisdiction, which was not the case. The United States had intervene to establish a Provisional Government in Hawaii. It only intervened to preserve the peace and protect American citizens. It withdrew the troops, leaving the Provisional Government in full, peaceable, uninterrupted possession as the sovereign power of those islands. To interfere now to reinstate the Queen would, under the circumstances, be simply the re-establishment of a monarchy, without any other excuse than the mere assertion of its legitimacy as compared with that of the Provisional Government."

Mr. Sherman, the leading Republican member of the Committee on Foreign Relations and its former chairman, likewise received his first intelligence from a reporter. He, however, declined to discuss the matter. President Dole. While Mr. Blount was there the

THE QUESTION OF VERACITY. THE HAWAIIAN COMMISSIONERS NOT YET HEARD FROM-CAPTAIN WILTSE DEAD.

Washington Nov. 10.—The sharp issue of veracity raised in Secretary Gresham's official report as af-fecting ex-Minister Stevens and ...e five Commisnt to the United States by the Provisunter-statement from any one now present in Washington. The Commissioners on the part of the Provisional Government were Lorrin A. Thurston, W. R. Castle, W. C. Wilder, C. L. Carter and Joseph Marsden. They reached Washington February 2, having chartered a special steamer for that purpose and refused passage to an envoy of the Queen, though consenting to carry her protest, which is quoted by Secretary Gresham. It February 15 following that President Harrison submitted to the Senate a protocol of a treaty which the Senate failed to ratify, and which Mr. Cleveland

subsequently withdrew.

Mr. Thurston is the only member of the original Commission now remaining in this country. He is at present the recognized Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States of the Government now discredited. He was in Chicago until yesterday, attending to his duties as a World's Fair Commissioner in reshipping the

World's Fair Commissioner in reshipping the Hawalian exhibits. Some intimation of the announcement about to be made has evidently been conveyed to him, for he is now reported as being on his way post haste to Washington.

Captain Gilbert C. Wiltse, of the Boston, who put the indorsement on Minister Stevens's request for the landing of the marines, "approved and executed" is dead. His friends say that his fatal illness was in part due to mortification over his removal and the qualified disapproval of his action by the former Administration. F. P. Hastings, who holds the post of Secretary of Legation to Mr. Thurston, was of the opinion some days ago that the Provisional Government would not allow itself to be dispossessed without a fight. This, however, was before an intimation had been given that two United States men-of-war and a force of United States bluejackets might superintend the process of "restoring the legitimate government and thus repairing the wrong done to a feeble but independent State by an abuse of the authority of the United States."

EX-MINISTER STEVENS'S COMMENTS. SECRETARY GRESHAM'S STATEMENTS DEVOID OF TRUTH AND CALUMNIOUS.

Augusta, Me., Nov. 10 .- A "Kennebec Journal" reporter saw John L. Stevens, late United States Minister to the Hawaiian Islands, this evening, and showed him the dispatch announcing the re-port of Secretary Gresham to the President, upon ffairs connected with the Hawaiian revolution.

Mr. Stevens read it carefully and said: "The position to which Secretary Gresham has seen fit to commit himself is so extraordinary, so voki of a real foundation of truth, so calumnious of the living and the dead that I have no ex-tended reply to make at this time. I prefer to let time and events and history decide as to the issue the Secretary has raised against the Pro-visional Government and the aspersions he sees fit to cast on the dead captain of the Boston, the officers under his command and myself. The way the United Staics Minister and the officers of the Boston discharged their responsibilities at Honolulu in January last was more than covered by Secretary Bayard's instructions, approved by President Cleveland, of July 12, 1837. Secretary Gresham has allowed his party prejudices and ani-mostities to raise an issue which Congress, a full sifting of facts and an intelligent public opinion will determine justly." ue the Secretary has raised against the Pro-

CHARGES OF A DYING MAN.

HE DECLARES THAT TWO BROTHERS CAUSED HIS INJURIES. THE MEN ARRESTED.

Daniel and John Kerrigan, brothers, livings at No. 141 Borden-ave., Long Island City, are prisoners in the Second Precinct police station on suspicion of having had something to do with the Josth of William Horton, alias "Euck" Horton, a death of William Horton, alias "Euck" Horton, a police court character of that city, who died in St. Catharine's Hospital, Williamsourg, Thursday night. Shortly before his death, Horton informed his attendants that his condition was due to injuries received at the hands of the Kerrigan brothers on election hight. The morning following the election Horton was taken to the police station by geveral companions, but the serveant in charge refused to lock him up. It is not known how he got to the hospital. The Kerrigans protest their innocence and say they do not know anything of Horton's doings on Election Day.

CLINTON PALMER ARRESTED FOR FORGERY culmter. Pulmer, a lawyer, who was accused of forging a check for \$700 which J. W. Batt, of No. 400 Fifth-ave cushed, was arrested in the Iradosmen's Bank yesterday cashed, was arrested in the Iradesian's state yet any Palmer bought fifteen shares of the stock of the Tradesians's hank with the proceeds of the check, and then borrowed \$100 on the stock from Frasiciant Roberts, of the Prankin Savings Rank. When arrested yesterder the Prankin Savings Rank. When arrested yesterder the prisoner attempted to throw away his pocketbook, which contained several other checks supposed to have been forged. He was remanded at Jefferson Market court.

UNEASY LIES HIS HEAD.

THE ONCE FIRM THRONE OF THE KING OF RICHMOND COUNTY IS TOTTERING.

SEARCHING INVESTIGATIONS INTO THE ELEC-

FITZGERALD GETS ALL TANGLED UP. The sway of King Nicholas Muller in Richmond County is trembling in the balance. In the deluge of Republican votes, which swept over Demo-cratic strongholds last Tuesday, every effort known and long practised by the Democratic bosses of Staten Island to keep Richmond County above the overwhelming waters was tried, and on the face of the returns given out their candidates were elected by small majorities, some of them as small as nine. In the words of a popular song, such methods as were employed in running the elections and in handling the returns "used to be the caper, but they don't go now." The people of Staten Island who are opposed to ring rule have appointed a law committee, and that committee will make every legal effort to have the districts where crooked work was done thrown out. If they are successful, Judge Stevenson will probably be the only Democrat elected. The committee is working hard to secure evidence, and when the Board of Canvassers meets next Tuesday, it will be heard from. It was rumored last night that the Democrats had given up the election of McGuire as Assemblyman, and would concede the victory

to the Republican candidate. In the Fifth and Ninth Election districts of Casticton, where the ballots were burned, i. is doubtful if the Board of Canvassers will have the hardihood to refuse to throw out the returns. In several other districts the evidence collected is so conclusive that if, as may be necessary, an appeal is taken to the courts, the returns will surely be thrown out. This will also mean the loss of another State Senator to the Democrats, for Richmond County is depended upon to make sure the election of Senator McCarty. The Republicans are not boasting, but are working and are determined that the will of the people of Richmond County as expressed at the polls shall have its legal and logical results. As an example of how the elections were conducted on Staten Island, a well-known Democratic voice was heard over the telephone on Tuesday night saying, "Keep back those returns for awhile. They are not satisfactory yet." TRIAL OF MR. SCOFIELD AND MR. JONES BEGUN.

The trial of Lester A. Scofield and David J. Jones, of Port Richmond, was begun yesterday, after many adjournments, before Judge Acker in the Village Hall at New-Brighton. These two responsible citizens had District-Attorney Fitzgerald arrested on a charge of stuffing ballot boxes at a primary in Port Richmond, and he, in a spirit of repartee, had them arrested for perjury in daring

repartee, had them arrested for perjury in daring to swear to the complaint.

The village hall was crowded yesterday afternoon when the blooming young justice took his seat and resigned himself for legal slaughter at the hands of W. Travers Jerome, counsel for Mr. Scofeldaand Mr. Jones. The complainant, the District-Attorney, also eyed Mr. Jerome with a look askanee. Mr. Jerome makes himself extremely unpleasant by his knowledge of law. If it were Falstaff's "good Crowner's Quest law" now the judge and the District-Attorney would not have such a hard time of it. William A. Mullen was Fitzgeraid's lawyer and devoted considerable of his time to keeping his elient quiet.

and devoted considerable of his time to keeping his client quiet.

The presecution put in its case. Justice Cornell testified that he had issued the warrant for the District-Attorney, not on the affidavit of Scofield and Jones made on October 24, but on one they had made on October 19. There were one or two witnesses who testified to the depositing of records and other uninteresting but necessary things, and a couple of men testified that they were in the hall at the primary at which, it was alleged, Fitzgerald and Van Name stuffed the ballot box, and saw no irregularity.

HE TALKS TOO MUCH.

Then Mr. Fitzgerald took the stand and the fun began. Lawyers, are proverbially bad witnesses, but Mr. Fitzgerald was away ahead of any proverb. He insisted on talking when there was no necessity

but Mr. Fitzgerald was away anead of any personal He insisted on talking when there was no necessity for it, and every now and then made such "breaks" that his counsel looked at him as if he would like to gag him. At one time Mr. Mullen could stand it no longer, and interrupted the witness with "Here! Stop! stop!"

Mr. Jerome sprang sections of the penal code, law and precedents on the District-Attorney until he had him in a terrible state of agitation. At one time, before he realized what he was doing, Mr. Fitzgerald had told of what took place in a grand jury room. At another time Mr. Mullen came to the relief of his client and made a rather eloquent appeal. In it he used the simile of a telephone in reply Mr. Jerome said: "To take your own simile of a telephone:—On Tuesday night a voice was heard over the telephone, saying: 'Hold back those returns. The majorities are not big enough.' If I had heard that voice, and had sworn that those returns were held back for improper purposes, I should have been guilty of perjury, but not if I had sworn that I heard the voice."

The gist of Mr. Fitzgerald's testimony was a denial of having stoffed the ballot-box at the primary referred to. He also declared that it was not a primary within the meaning of the law.

denial of having stuffed the ballot-box at the primary referred to. He also declared that it was not a primary within the meaning of the law. When the testimony for the prosecution was in, an adjournment was taken to hext Friday.

THREE HILL CANDIDATES PASSED BY. GOV! FLOWER APPOINTS G. F. YEOMAN, A RE-PUBLICAN SUPPORTED BY ELEVELAND MEN. TO THE SUPREME COURT BENCH.

Rochester, Nov. 19 (Special).-Governor Flower treated the politicians of Rochester to a genuine surprise to-day by appointing George F. Yeoman, a Republican lawyer of this city, to be a Justice of the Supreme Court for the Seventh District, to succeed the late Francis A. Macomber. While Mr Yeoman's candidacy was supported by influential Yeoman's candidacy was supported by inductions members of the Monroe County bar, it had been generally expected that a Democrat identified with the Hill faction would be named. There were three avowed candidates from that element of the party, Special County Judge John F. Kinney, of this city: the Secretary of State, Frank Rice, of Canandaigua, and Charles McLouth, of Palmyra. Many of the Cleveland Democrats of Monroe County were favorable to Mr. Yeoman, who is not an active politician.

politician.

Governor Flower's action in naming Mr. Yeoman is construed by some as meaning that the Governor has determined, in view of the result of the election in this State, to change his former policy of appointing only friends of Senator Hill to office.

A REPUBLICAN KEPT FROM VOTING. Another instance of the outrageous work of Timothy "Dry Dollar" Sullivan's hirelings came to light yesterday. Michael Barry, a life-long Republican, was deprived of his right to vote on Election Day, and an imperative order of Judge Andrews, of the Supreme Court, was ignored. Barry, who lives in the Forty-ninth Election District of the Xth Assembly District, went to the polling place in Second-ave, near Second-at, to cast his ballot on Tuesday. He was told by the inspectors that Michael Barry had already voted. They refused to allow him to cast his vote, although he was identified by two reputable citizens.

Judge Andrews issued a mandamus ordering the inspectors to appear before him at 2 p. m., but they refused to go. Later he issued a peremptory order commanding the inspectors to receive Barry's vote, but when this order was served it was thrown aside and ignored. Mr. Barry says that one of Sullivan's "floaters" voted under his name with the collusion of the inspectors, and he will instruct his lawyer, John F. Baker, of No. 156 Broadway, to take the matter into court. of the Xth Assembly District, went to the pollin

THE LINCOLN PIONEER CORPS' PARADE. The Lincoln Pioneer Corps, in their resplendent uniforms, with their heads covered with comfortable-looking bearskin caps and with a band of music in the lead, started from their headquarters early last evening, for the purpose of paying tain directions over the results of Tuesday's elec-tions. Many persons were attracted to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, in expectation of listening to a speech by Thomas C. Platt. The club gave march ing salutes to the Union League and the Repubing salutes to the Union League and the Repub-lican clubs in front of their homes. Then, march-ing down Fifth-ave., they wheeled into Twenty-third-st., and were drawn up in line under the windows of the rooms occupied by Mr. Platt. A crowd foilowed them, and the throngs in the hotel soon rushed toward places of exit to be within

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hearing distance of anything that might be said, from windows or doorways. But Mr. Plate who had been asked and expected to speak, sent down word that he could not appear, as he was suffering from an attack of rheumatism in one of his hands. The club, after making their salute, formed into marching order again and passed west along Twenty-third-st. and back to their headquarters.

SENATOR ALDRICH ON THE ELECTION. HIS VIEWS ON THE FINANCIAL OUTLOOK AND POSSIBLE TARIFF LEGISLATION.

Senator Neison W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, has been staying at the Fifth Avenue Hotel for several days. When asked by a Tribune reporter yesterday as to the prospects of financial legisla-

tion in the near future, he said:
"Unless there should be some immediate and un expected increase in the revenues, an issue of bonds will be required at once to meet existing and anticipated deficits. I notice some newspaper statements that the Secretary of the Treasury in tends to coin the silver builion in the Treasury purchased under the provisions of the act of 1830 into silver dollars for the purpose of securing the seigniorage arising from the operation for the payment of current expenses. I presume the statement is unauthorized, as such coinage would be in direct violation of both the spirit and letter of the in direct violation of both the spirit and letter of the act of 1890. The Treasury notes provided for in that act were redeemable in coin, that is, either gold or silver, at the option of the Government, and in order to enable the Secretary to have at his command a sufficient amount of silver dollars a definite coinage was provided for, and other coinage was apthorized if necessary for redemption purposes. As the Secretary has now more than 25,000,000 silver dollars available for the purpose, and as the department has very properly adopted the policy of redeeming the Treasury notes in gold and does not use silver for the purpose, it cannot be said that further coinage of silver is necessary for redemption purposes. The silver builton purchased under the provisions of the act of 1850 should be held as a trust fand, as it was certainly intended to be, for the security of the notes issued for its purchase. There should be given to the Secretary of the Treasury definite powers to maintain and protect an adequate kold reserve for that redemption of outstanding notes. Congress has made the Treasury a great National bank of issue, but has given to it no power to secure and protect its reserves. I presume an attempt will be made early in the next session to repeal the State Bank tax, and this will undoubtedly lead to another protonged currency discussion, as such action will be resisted strenuously by Republicans.

When asked what the effect of the recent elections on tariff legislation at the approaching session of Congress would be Senator Aldrich said: "It is quite impossible to say. The Democratic party was successful in 182 because it induced a considerable portion of the wage-carners of the country to believe that a radical change in our tariff policy and the elimination of all the protective features from our tariff laws would secure them greater prosperity in the way of increased wages, and more certain and profitable employment, and it must be assumed that the genelemen who are now engaged in preparing a tarif act of 1850. The Treasury notes provided for in that act were redeemable in coin, that is, either

be expected, nator Aldrich will return to his home in Provi-

NING FOR PIG OR LITTLE OFFICES. As the statements of the candidates begin to come in the rates at which Tammany sold offices at the recent election become evident. A nomina-tion for candidate for delegate to the Constitu-

tional Convention came low. Only \$100 was in quired to secure this doubtful honor from Tam-The average price for county offices seems to have been about \$2,000 each. The following is a list of all those who filed certificates in the County Clerk's office vesterday: Timothy D. Sullivan, candidate for State Sena-

tor, paid the following items: Printing and litho- McCarren and McCarty, Commissi graphing, \$409; newspaper advertising, \$67; distributing lithographs, \$80.

Ashbel P. Fitch, who was elected on the Tamnany ticket for Controller, pabl to Richard Croker, chairman of the Finance Committee of the Demo-cratic Republican General Committee, for printing and circulating handbills, books, and other papers, \$2,000; Martin B. Brown for circulars, \$5; "The New-York Times," \$19.20; "Daily America,"

James B. Kilshelmer, candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention, paid "not one cent."

James H. Southworth, candidate for member of the Assembly from the XIIIth District, paid for printing, postage and clerk hire, \$ii3.

M. Warley Platzek, candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention from the XIIh Senate District, paid to Tammany Hail \$199.

Albert Ferguson, Republican candidate for the Senate from the Xth District, paid for printing, etc., \$35.56.

William S. Waterhouse, the Republican candidate for the Assembly from the XIIIth District, paid for printing, etc., \$39.

Henry D. Hotchkies, candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention from the IXIA Senate District, paid to Tammany Hall \$199.

Nicholas Schmitt, candidate for the Assembly from the XXIXth District, paid for printing, etc., \$6. James B. Kilshelmer, candidate for delegate to

Thomas L. Hamiiton, Republican candidate for Sheriff, paid for pasters and cards, \$200; clerk hire and postage, \$51.

Joseph Koch, candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention, paid "nothing."

James W. McLaughlin, candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention, paid "nothing."

Joseph P. Fallon, candidate for Judge in the IXth Judicial District, paid to the Tammany General Committee for IXth District, \$2,000; treasurer printing Committee, Tammany General Committee, for ballots and pasters, \$525; newspapers, printing, etc., \$200.

Lancey Nicoll, candidate for delegate to the titutional Convention, paid to Tammany Hall \$100.
Andrew H. Green, candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention, paid "nothing."
Robert V. Stadtfeld, Tammany candidate for member of the Assembly from the XXIVth District, paid to "Daily America" for advertising, \$20; other expenses, printing, etc., \$188-20.

DEMOCRATS RIPE FOR REVOLT. LARGE NUMBERS OF THEM READY TO JOIN A

MOVEMENT AGAINST TAMMANY.

There is a plainly growing desire among respectable Democrats to take a hand in the proposed or ganization to be called into being for the express purpose of defeating the Tammany Hall candidate ext year, Among the important places to be filled are those of Mayor, Recorder, the President and all the other thirty members of the Board of Aldermea The election on Tuesday showed the people what they can do if they try. The action of the Union they can do if they try. The action of the Union League Club on Thursday evening was halled on all sides as a step in the right direction. "Down with the machines" may be the railying cry of the people of New-York next year. There is a widespread feeling that the plan of organization ought to be perfected with as little delay as nozsible, and then the work of enrolment should be pushed with unwavering zeal and diligence.

A new spirit has been infused into the Indepen-A new spirit has been injused into the Independent Democracy. Nearly all the separate organizations of that stamp are ready to ally themselves with the movement, so that, it is believed, the 25,090 Democrats who make their protest against bess rule by casting their votes against Maynari would find themselves at once reinforced by a body of more than double their number. There was a rumor affoat yesterday that W. Hourse Cockran was ready to cast his political fortunes with the anti-Tammanylites, but the rumor has not been confirmed. Ex-Mayor Grant's name was also mentioned among distincted Tammany Hall men of prominence who are said to have expressed views favorable to a new organization to oppose the Wigwam. There is no doubt about the attitude of ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt, Frederic R. Coudert, James C. Carter, ex-Mayor William R. Grace, Collector Kibreth, Wheeler H. Peckham, Walter S. Logan, John Fennel, Otto Kempner, Oswald Ottendorfer, Carl Schurz, Alfred and Charles Steckler and other Democrats whose antipathy to the Tammany ring is outspoken.

If, as has been quite positively stated in quarters deemed trustworthy. Mr. Clevehand is disposed to lend his sid for the formation of an anti-machine organization, its formidable character from the start would not admit of question. The influence of the National Administration on the side of the promoters of the project is talked of among them as entirely probable and in a measure assured. dent Democracy. Nearly all the separate organize-

HIS ELECTION MAY BE THROWN OUT. John C. Harrigan, Democratic Assemilyman-elect of the 1st Assembly District of Westchester County, may lose his seat on a technicality. It seems that 600 paster ballots bearing his name were

thrown out by the inspector of elections at Yonkera as defective, as they were printed in nonparell type instead of brevier, as the ballot law prescribes. The pasters were also used to a large extent in other towns, particularly in Greensburg. It is not known who issued the pasters, but Harrigan's friends in Yonkers freely charge a supposed friend of Harrigan with the acts Harrigan's plurality on the face of the returns now is only nitry-four, and it is feared by the Democrats that there was a sufficient number of the pasters used to wipe out this slender plurality.

THE REPUBLICAN SUCCESS IN NEW JERSEY PLURALITY OF 23,000 AN THE VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN-VARIOUS RETURNS.

Unofficial returns show that in the vote for Assemblymen on Tuesday the Republicans carried New-Jersey with the large plurality of over 23,000

This plurality would have been larger by 500 at least, if a Republican candidate had run in the 1st District of Warren County.

About the only falling off in the Republican victory, as at first reported, is in Monmouth County, There Peter Forman, the Democrat who was nominated for County Clerk by the Republicans and Citizens, is reported beaten by Theodore tumach, Democrat, by a majority of fifty-five.

Bradley's majority for Senator is 230.

The returns of Passaic County, N. J., were officially canvassed yesterday, with the following

S.-criff-Johnston (Rep.), 10,990; Graham (Dem.) 8.897; Maguire (Socialist-Labor), 403; Tyler (Pro.), 291; Crasby (Ind.), 217; Johnston's plurality, 2,693 Coroners-Goodridge (Rep.), 10,708; Carroll (Rep.), 10,-458; Stafford (Dem.), 9,047; Fogurty (Dem.), 8,511; Forfar (Pro.), 333; Storms (Pro.), 303. The two Republ

Assembly-Ist District-Holt (Rep.), 2,942; Wickham Assembly—181 District—16th (1997), 1698; Seeger (Soc.), 157; Nixon (Pro.), 110 Holt's plurality, 1,344. Hd District—McKelvey (Dem.), 1,506; Bullock (Kep.), 1,274; Grundman (Soc.), 73; Dickinson (Pro.), 17; McKelvey's plurality, 222, 1146 District-Flynn (Dem.), 2,356; Robertson (Rep.), 1,786; Pilz (Sec.), 76; Muir (Pro.), 24; Flynn's plurality, 1.070, IVth District-Lewis (Rep.), 4.849; Knowlden (Dem.), (783; Engler (Soc.), 163; Parions (Pro.), 143; Lewis's urality, 2.076.

Taa Republican plurality for Assemblymen in the county is 2,028. General Harrison carried it last year by

The outrageous nature of the Democratic gerrymander, just upset by the Supreme Court, is seen in the fact that the two Republican Assemblymen in Passaic County represent a voting constitu of 12.825, and the two Democrats only 7,702. Mr. Lewis's district, the IVth, cast more votes than the two Democratic districts combined.

The official canvass of Union County was pleted yesterday afternoon by the Board of Can-vassers, and the results obtained were as follows: For Scuator-Foster M. Voorhees (Rep.) received 7,015 votes; James E. Martine (Dem.), 6,472; A. B. Bigelow Joseph B. Keem (Soc.), 353; Voorhees's

Sheriff-George W. Kyte (Rep.), 7.741; John S. Sauer (Dem.), 6,295; J. W. James (Soc.), 356; Spencer C. Sheriff-George W. Kyte (Kep.), 3.56; Spencer C. (Dem.), 6,295; J. W. James (Soc.), 356; Spencer C. Blake (Pro.), 220; Kyte's plurality, 1,446. Coroner-Charles Holmes (Rep.), 7,727; F. B. Kelly (Dem.), 6,260; William Lunger (Pro.), 230; Carl Lohmier

Soc.), 378; Holmes's plurality, 1,467. (Soc.), 378; Holmes's plurality, 1,467.

Assembly-1st District—John N. Burger (Rep., 2,228; T. M. Kelly (Dem.), 2,162; M. Shea (Soc.), 200; F. J. Vogel (Pro.), 43; Burger's Plurality, 66. Hd District—Joseph Cross (Rep.), 2,402; James J. Brennau (Dem.), 2,037; Thomas Dollay (Soc.), 102; Freferick W. Myles (Pro.), 55; Cross's plurality, 365. Hd District—Charles N. Goldbier, Rep.), 2,100; J. H. Wigans (Dem.), 1,950; U. todding (Rep.), 3,100; J. H. Winans (Dem.), 1,950; U. M. Oshora (Pro.), 94; Arthur Scott (Soc.), 76; Codding's

The Socialists doubled their vote over that cast last year, while the Prohibitionists lost 72. Democratic loss was nearly 2,200. The Republicans polled a full vote, their Senator-elect getting within 218 of what General Harrison received in 1892. The total vote of the county was 2,308 less than that cast in 1802.

A POSSIFLE SPLIT IN A DEMOCRATIC CLUB. SUPPORT OF MR. SCHIEREN BY SOME OF ITS MEMBERS CAUSES TROUBLE-LOYAL ONES

DENOUNCE THEIR ACTION AS TREASON. The wholesale slaughter of the Democratic forces in the recent campaign in Kings County has af-fected the leaders so deeply that there is a likelihood of a split in the Democratic Club of the Eastern District. The organization is one of the most influential clubs in Brooklyn. Over a year ago the club erected a home at the cost of nearly \$160,000. James Shevlin, Register Kenna, Senators Hayden and Furey, Congressmen Magner and Gra-ham, Justices Connelly, New and Goetting and others are among the club members. The loyalty many of the ciub members is now doubted. of many of the ciub members is now doubted. Vague talk and hints developed into positive declarations when Brewer H. B. Scharmann, a member of the club, came out for Schieren.

"Cailing that a Democratic club is the sheerest nonsense and willfully misleading," said one of its oldest members yesterday. "Why, I could name over a hundred who made no secret of the fact that they were going to 'cut' the ticket."

The desertion of the ticket in general, and the Democratic candidate for Mayor in particular, is denounced by others as "rank treason." It could not be learned yesterday whether any action would be taken against the members who boldly came out against the ticket or not, but it was intimated that steps would be taken.

MANY CALLERS AT STATE HEADQUARTERS. Chairman Hackett and Secretary Kenyon had many callers at Republican Headquarters in the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday. They came to express their gratification at the splendid victory of Tuesday, which carried into office every candidate on the Republican State ticket, gave the Legis lature again to the Republican party by good working majorities in both branches, and placed under Republican control the new Constitutional Con-vention to assemble next May. Several came to discuss the local question of reorganization, which, although it is not within the province of the State Committee to advise upon, is a matter of wide-spread interest and rapidly taking the attention of loyal Republicans, both in and outside the city The policy of the new Legislature and of the convention to frame a new State Constitution were imong the tepics which were discussed and a comparison of views was had regarding them. H. C. Payne, member of the Republican National

Committee from Wisconsin; John W. Vrooman, who ran for Lieutenant-Governor on the ticket

ECZEMA ON LIMBS

How a Missionary Suffered. Death Only Relief Expected. Speedily Cured by Cuticura.



I have been troubled with chronic Fezema on my limbs. The itching was very annoying and made no unfit for work. I had tried many remeiles and consulted a good physician, who prescribed for me mine months with no permanent relief. I gradually grew worse and worse. Death would have been a relief, and it was the only relief I expected. Just then my wife of thank God for a good one; found the hook you sent in some out-of-the-way place and read it through. She discharged the attending physician and said we would try the Curicum Reminist. I began to use them about the middle of last August, procuring a new supply when the first was exhausted. I am now well and attend to my misstoamy work. I am Secretary of the Sallivan County Bible Society quoritait inclosed. Have been engaged in missionary work in the county for eighteen years. To recommend the Curine an Remembris to suffering humanity will be a part of my missionary work in the future.

Rev. MASON GILLESPIE.

P. O. Box 11, Mongaup, Sullivan Co., N. Y.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS

The almost mireculous cures daily effected by the CUTICURA REMEDIES prove them to be the greatest skin cures, blood purifiers and humor remedies ever compounded. No statement is made regarding them not justified by the strongest evidence. People in every walk of life use them and recommend them. Their worderful popularity and sale are due to the cures effected by them, and this is the most substantial evidence of their curative value. Sale greater than the combined sales of all other blood and skin remedies.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, Loc., HOAP, Mc., RESOLVENT, \$1. POTTER DECO AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston. 80 "How to Cure Skin Diseases," mailed free. PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and only skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP. BACK ACHE, KIDNEY PAINS
Weakness, Soreness, Lameness, Strains
and Pains relieved in one minute by
the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster,
First and Only Pain-killing plaster, **OUITE A SAVING** TO THE NOBBY DRESSER

may be secured through our Special offering to-day. Our policy of selling clothing equal in every respect to that of the exclusive tailor (at prices very much less than his) has won us the patronage of many who have never before purchased ready-to-wear clothing. We wish to attract even more of this class, and as an extra inducement we have decided to make a special offering of

300 Extra-long Single and Double-Breasted Sack Suits. in all the newest fabrics, at

Early season's prices were \$22.50 and \$20.00.

Clothiers and Furnishers, 279, 281 AND 283 BROADWAY.

Bet. Chambers and Reade Sts Satisfaction Guaranteed

with J. Sloat Fassett in 1891; Hamilton Fish, and several other members of the coming Legislature dropped in auring the day and evening. Chairman Hackett went to his home in Utica last night to spend Saturday and Sunday, but he will return to New-York on Monday morning. The headquarters will be kept open for at least a week yet, so that matters necling special attention, particularly any attempts which may be made by disappointed Democrats to deprive Republicans of the fruits of their victory, may be looked after.

FLOWER AND SHEEHAN THE TICKET. THEY SHOULD BE NOMINATED BY THE DEMO-CRATS NEXT YEAR-HEADQUARTERS CLOSED UP.

Business has been wound up at Democratic State headquarters, in West Twenty-fourth-st., and neither Chairman Murphy nor Chairman Sheehan thought it necessary to come to the closing exercises. Last year it required their constant attendance for some weeks after the election to wind up matters and to send out and receive sev eral thousand congratulatory telegrams and letters. This time Secretary De Freest was able to attend to all this work himself, and he got through with it in time to be back home in Troy forty-eight hours after the election.

There were some inquiries made after election by faithful machine workers all through the State that De Freest did not take it upon himself to answer. The machine ticket to be put up by the Democratic State Convention next year, it was well understood among Senator Hill's trusted followers, was to be Flower and Sheehan for Governor and Lieuterant-Governor. As they had both been mixed up with Maynard's crime as accessories before and after the fact, they realized that they must have "vindication" too, and that nothing but a re-election to the places they are holding would fill the bill. The faithful want to know if this arrangement is still on, and if they shall go ahead and lay the pipes in the various counties for another convention like the one that met at Saratoga. The able workers intimated that it might take some hard labor in view of the changed circumstances of the case to elect delegates who will unanimously renominate Governor Flower and Lieutenant-Governor Shechan, but with sufficient funds in hand they did not despair. It is understood that Secretary De Freest referred all these inquiries to Senator Hill without the marchine leaders of the Democratic party The machine ticket to be put up by the Democratic

referred all these inquiries to Senator Ann water comment.

The machine leaders of the Democratic party realize that the renomination of Flower and Sneedhan is the only logical policy before them. To refuse to do so would be to leverse their system of political procedure for the last seven or eight years, and acknowledge that they were wrong and that their Anti-Snapper opponents were right. Flower and Sheehan must therefore be the ticket for 1894, regardless of consequences.

CALLING JUNKINS TO ACCOUNT. A POPULAR DEMAND IN CAMDEN FOR THE PUB-LIC PROSECUTOR'S REMOVAL.

Camden, N. J., Nov. 10,-(Special.)-The election outrages in this city on Tuesday bid fair to make trouble for the Prosecutor of the Pleas. There is feeling that Prosecutor Junkins should be held to strict accountability for his ante-election utter ances, which plainly indicated that, no matter what came, the Democratic heelers and thugs would be well protected. To these utterances more than to any other one thing are ascribed the terrible assaults upon decent citizens and the sworn deputy sheriffs. A few days before election, Junkt was quoted in W. J. Thompson's paper as saying: "I want to say right here, and very emphatically, that the work of the Grand Jury will amount to nothing. I will go before the Court at the proper time and noile pros every one of the in-dictments found. I understand they have found about fifty indictments. Although these indictments have not been presented to the Court or to my office yet, still the fact has already appeared in the public prints. This is another queer transaction of this queer body. The law jealously guards the

public prints. This is another queer transaction of this queer body. The law jealously guards the secrets of the Grand Jury room. Why, not even the Judge of the Court is allowed in the room when the Grand Jury is in session, and every effort is made to keep secret the deliberations of that body. Still the secrets have crept out and been made public. However, the Democratic voters of this county need not feel at all timid. The Grand Jury is impotent without the aid of the Prosecutor's office. They can find all the indictments they please, but it is only through me that these indictments can get into court. I want to say further that the actions of this Grand Jury are unprecedented. There is pienty of business to keep the Grand Jury busy for a month, yet they are busily engaged in anticipating crime. Who ever heard the like."

The Prosecutor was seen at his home the night that remarkable publication came out, but he refused to deny it. The Grand Jury, full of indignation, demanded an explanation, which it never got. The public were appelled by the boldness of the statement, and looked upon it as a barefaced bid to the thugs to do as they pleased. A demand for the Prosecutor's removal is rapidly gaining strength. Junkins and his assistant have been constant frequenters of the Gloucester track. The assistant, R. S. Ridgway, is a son of Charles S. Ridgway, one of the Democratic Police Commissioners who swore in the murderous special policemen. He is at the track every day, rain or shine. His appointment as assistant prosecutor created widespread dissatisfaction among the Democratis themselves nearly live years ago, because Jurkins had promised to appoint Thomas P. Curley. The Prosecutor's office has long been looked upon as grossly mismanaged. Attention was called sharply to its inefficiency by the failure to convict any one for the airocious murders of Annie Leconey, in 180, and Mrs. Annie Miller the next year; and, though at least a dozen murders have been committed by the Democratic policemen on Tuesday. It is pr

SHUTTING UP THE LIQUOR STORES. Millville, N. J., Nov. 10.-The hotel men and saonkeepers of this city realized the effects of the Supreme Court decision that the Excise Commis sion law under which they obtained licenses was unconstitutional when Mayor Whitaker to-day unconstitutional when Mayor Whitaker lo-day sent police officers to each licensed place and advised closing. The liquor men, with one exception, closed their doors tight. The exception is Max Schuck, proprietor of the largest hotel in the town, who says he will not close until he is forced to. Lambertville, N. J., Nov. 10.—Under the railings of the Supreme Court of New Jersey retarding the Excise act, the saloons of this city received notices to close to-morrow. There are time saloons here, which will close according to the notice,

TO CONTEST MONMOUTH COUNTY CLERK-

SHIP. Freehold, N. J., Nov. 19 (Special).—The County Board of Canvassers met here to-day to declare the result of the election in Monmouth County. Owing to the closeness of the vote on County Clerk, there was much excitement around the courthouse. Certificates of election were given James A. Bradley (Fusionist), candidate for Senator, his majority being 257. Matthias Woolley (Fusionist), for Sheriff, majority 288; Theodore Aumaca (Democrat), for County Clerk, majority 5. The County Clerkship will be contested by Peter Forman, the Fusion candidate, and will be taken to the Supreme Court on mandamus proceedings for a recount, it is alleged that considerable juggling with ballots has been detected in the First District of Asbury Park, the Fourth District of Long-Branch and the Maccolonia District of Shrewsbury. The successful candidates for Assembly, with their respective majorities, are as follows: D. Denise (Fusionist), 1st District, 291; Charles L. Walters (Fusionist), 1id District, 394; Richard Borden (Democrat), IIId District, 742. courthouse, Certificates of election were given

BOTH SIDES CLAIM THE UTICA MAYORALTY Utica, Nov. 10 (Special).-The Common Council met to-night to canvass the returns of the city election, but failed to canvass them owing to the contest over the vote on Mayor. The Democrats claim the election of John G. Gibson by a phyrality of 43, and that is the showing of the retur a; but the Republicans have evidence to prove that the

plurality was secured by fraudulent altering of the inspectors' reports. They assert that Mayor Wheeler was re-elected by a plurality of 16. Three inspectors of election were arrested on information lodged by the Republicans at 1 o'clock this morning. The Common Council took a recess until Monday. A majority of the Aldermen are favorable to Mayor Wheeler.

AFTER THE BUFFALORASCALS

WARRANTS OUT FOR ARREST OF ALLEGED VIOLATORS OF THE ELECTION LAWS

THE SHEETER AND SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE SUBPOENAED TO TESTIFY REGARDING ILLEGAL ACTS BY PUBLIC OFFI-

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TELBUNE.]

Buffalo, Nov. 10.-Sheriff Beck, Under Sheriff Steele and George Chambers, Superintendent of Police, were served with subpoenas this afternoon, requiring them to appear in the police court to morning to testify in an nvestigation of general charges drawn up today by J. N. Adam, who was chairman of the anti-Sheehan Citizens' Committee at the time of the "sneak legislation." Mr. Adam's complaint makes specific charges of neglect of duty by unnamed public officers at the polls on Tuesday, of bribery, intimidation and other violations of the Election laws, and of malfeasance in office. At 10 o'clock to-morrow morning the Police Superintendent, the Sheriff and the Under-Sheriff will be called to account by a committee of lawyers consisting of Analey Wilcox, Tracy C. Becker, Adelbert Moot and Nathaniel W. Norton. Police Justice King instructed a private detective to serve subpoenas, for, he

private detective to serve subpoenas, for, he said: "You can't depend on those police in a case of this kind." All three officials were considerably taken aback, but refused to offer any opinion on this move against them, which is expected to lead to their removal.

The courts are likely to be busy with violators of election laws for some time to come. Warrants were issued to-day for the arrest of Sheehan inspectors in the Fourth District of the Nineteenth Ward for throwing a Republican watcher from the pollins place. Several other inspectors have dready been held for trial. William J. Coleman, chairman of the Foard of Election Inspectors in the First District of the Fourth Ward, was held for the Grand Jury by Judge Hatch to-day for keeping back election returns. The one policeman to whom were given 129 warrants to serve on the First Ward colonizers and bogus deputy sheriffs has been unwearded in well-doing all day, but has made no more than the three arrests reported last night. "Billy" Baker, the pugilist, who was one of the deputy sheriffs, and who is also wanted for assault on Mr. Fullerton, a Republican watcher at the polls, has apparently fled from the city. Several officers have been forced to of the deputy sheritis, and who is also wanted for assault on Mr. Fullerton, a Republican watcher at the poils, has apparently fled from the city. Several officers have been forced to search for him. It is expected here that Presi-dent Cleveland will withdraw the appointment of John Kennedy as Appraiser of Merchan-dise for the Customs District of Buffalo Creek with regumed of officers participanishin. on the ground of offensive partisanship.

NEWS NOTES BY TELEGRAPH.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 10 .- A. L. Gray, the Goreynment agent sent out by the Commissi the General Land Office to investigate the Rainy River gold fields, has returned here and says River gold helds, has returned here and there is undoubtedly plenty of gold in that region. He will recommend the withdrawal of such lands from entry under the Timber and Homestead acts, and the extension of the mineral laws to include the gold lands in Minnesota.

Boston, Nov. 10,—The funeral of Professor Herman A. Hagen, the noted entomologist, took place this afternoon at his home in Cambridge. The services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Peabody of Norwood. The pallbearers were Professore Goodwin, Cooke, Tey. Shaler, Sarlow, Mark, Lyon and Wolcott, of Harvard.

Spokane, Wash. Nov. 10.—It may be ten days before definite news is had from General Carlin's on and party, who are snowbound in Bitter Root Mountains. Three parties are hastening to the rescue. Part of the distance must be travelled

Arkansas City, Kan., Nov. 16.—About 1 a. m. yesterday "Bill" Dalton, the noted outlaw, was seen in the streets of this city. Dalton was quiet while here, and kept under cover. It is reported that he is hiding near Willow Springs, in the Strip. He left this city before daylight.

Boston, Nov. 19,—"The Post" says that Mayor Matthews will be renominated by the Democrats, and that ex-Mayor and ex-Postmaster Thomas N. Hart will be the Republican candidate for Mayor in the coming city election.

Lambertville, N. J., Nov. 10.—Under the ruling of the Supreme Court of New-Jersey the nine licensed liquor stores of this city received notice to-night to close to-morrow. Exeter, N. H., Nov. 10.—Governor Charles H. Bell had a paralytic shock to-day, by which his left side is rendered useless.

YOUNG ALUMNI OF BROWN ORGANIZE.

About forty of the young alumni of Brown University About 18-15 of the soling standard of Indoor Chrossis, inct at the Arean in Thirty-first-st. last evening, and formed a permanent organization for social purposes and for ferthering the interests of the college. The neu-bers of this a sociation intend to hold frequent meetings and to supplement the work of the general alumni as-sociation of the college. Norman S. Dike was elected temperary chairman, and Thomas E. Brown, ir., tempetemporary chairman, and Taotius E. Brown, ir., temporary secretary. A constitution was adopted and the following office a were elected for 1852-1891; Samani H. Ordway, president; Norman S. Dike, vice-president; Thomas E. Brown, ir., secretary; Ben Stanley Webb, treasurer: Edward F. Edy, Ira Barrows, Joseph F. Bullen, Frunk T. Farton and Charles H. Byros greenly. len, Frank T. Faston and Charles H. Payne, executive

After the business meeting a supper was served, and college sings were sing. It is exjected that the asso-ciation will rive its first dinner in December. Resides tasse already mentioned there were present

W. J. Green, Gartner Colby, L. St. Clair Celby, E. O. Bartlett, Jr., Josiah Partlett, L. J., Gardner, H. E. Bei-lows, G. H. Ferns, J. E. Bulley, W. R. Dorman, Mr. Killey, Arthur F. Mytchin, A. L. Beals, W. S. Eyala, G. J. Humer, J. P. Wilhams, George W. Hopkins, Charles E. Hughes, Richard Case, A. V. Burrows, G. E. Candlee, Joseph Ward, F. H. Frownell, Henry B. Anthony, Charles A. Choke, Arthur H. Colby and Emory Lyon.



for breakers ahead when pimples, boils, carbuneles and like manifestations of impure blood appear. They wouldn't appear

LOOK OUT-

impure blood appear. They wouldn't appear if your blood were pure and your system in the right condition. They show you what you need-a good blood-purifier; that's what you need a good blood-purifier sold.